

Proving Knowledge of Isogenies: a Unified Approach

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Outline

1. Introduction
2. Preliminaries
3. Proving knowledge of isogenies
4. Proof systems
5. Applications and implementation

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Proof of Knowledge

Given a *relation*

$$\mathcal{R} = \{(x, w) \mid x \in L, w \in W(x)\}$$

- ▶ $x \in L$ is a *statement* of a language
- ▶ w is a *witness* for x
- ▶ *proof of knowledge*: a prover convinces a verifier of the knowledge of $(x, w) \in \mathcal{R}$

Proof of Knowledge

- ▶ *completeness*: an honest prover succeeds
- ▶ *soundness*: a dishonest prover fails
- ▶ *knowledge soundness*: the prover knows the witness
- ▶ *zero knowledge*: the verifier doesn't learn anything

Proving knowledge of isogenies

A survey (2023/671):

- ▶ $\mathcal{R}_{\text{isog}} = \{((E_0, E_1), \phi) \mid \phi \text{ is an isogeny}\}$
- ▶ $\mathcal{R}_{\text{deg}} = \{((E_0, E_1, d), \phi) \mid \phi \text{ is an isogeny of degree } d\}$
- ▶ $\mathcal{R}_{\text{CSIDH}} = \{((E_0, E_1), \phi) \mid \phi \text{ is a CSIDH isogeny}\}$

Approaches

- ▶ general purpose:
 - graph isomorphism (CSI-FiSh)
 - modular polynomials (SSCYCT)
 - *this work!!*
- ▶ isogeny heavy:
 - SQIsign
 - ...

Isogeny Heavy - SQIsign

- ▶ starts from graph isomorphism
- ▶ plugs in *Deuring correspondence* (KLPT - ideal to isogeny)
- ▶ reduced soundness error
- ▶ the coolest team (according to website)
- ▶ requires $End(E)$

General purpose* - CSI-FiSh

- ▶ graph isomorphism
- ▶ group action properties
- ▶ high soundness error (repetitions / larger PK)

General purpose - Modular Polynomials

- ▶ encode an isogeny as path of j -invariants
- ▶ *low degree* algebraic relations (modular polynomials)
- ▶ prove the algebraic relations
- ▶ only works for *smooth degree isogenies*

Open questions

- ▶ a *generic proof of knowledge* for $\mathcal{R}_{\text{isog}}$
 - no knowledge of $\text{End}(E)$
 - no bound / leakage on the degree
- ▶ lower soundness error for csidh
- ▶ proving knowledge under standard assumptions

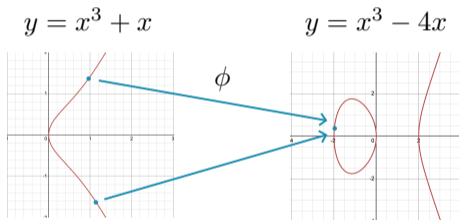
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Isogenies

$$\phi : (x, y) \rightarrow \left(\frac{x^2 + 1}{x}, \frac{x^2 - 1}{x^2} y \right)$$

- ▶ maps between elliptic curves
- ▶ complexity grows with the *degree*
- ▶ also works in *higher dimensions*



Level 2 theta structure

- ▶ a map $A \rightarrow \mathbb{P}^{2^g-1}$ such that addition by $A[2]$ is nice
- ▶ invariant *theta null point* $\theta_A(0_A)$
- ▶ works on $A/\pm 1$
- ▶ nice compatibility with isogenies

Theta isogenies

- ▶ $A[2]$ has a *canonical decomposition* as $K_1 + K_2$
- ▶ this decomposition can be read from $\theta_A(0_A)$
- ▶ special 2-isogeny $\phi : (A, \theta_A) \rightarrow (B, \theta_B)$ with kernel K_1
- ▶ θ_B defines a 2-isogeny which is a *good extension* of ϕ

Theta isogenies

Define:

$$\mathcal{S} : \mathbb{P}^{2^g-1} \rightarrow \mathbb{P}^{2^g-1} : (x_0 : \cdots : x_{2^g}) \rightarrow (x_0^2 : \cdots : x_{2^g}^2)$$

$$\mathcal{H} : \mathbb{P}^{2^g-1} \rightarrow \mathbb{P}^{2^g-1} : (x_0 : \cdots : x_{2^g}) \rightarrow H_g(x_0 : \cdots : x_{2^g})^T$$

where

$$H_g = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 1 & -1 \end{pmatrix}^{\otimes g}$$

It holds:

$$\mathcal{S} \circ \mathcal{H}(\theta^B(0_B)) = \mathcal{H} \circ \mathcal{S}(\theta^A(0_A))$$

Radical isogenies

- ▶ $\theta_A(0_A)$ is given, \mathcal{H} invertible
- ▶ \mathcal{S} gives $2^g - 1$ possible choices
- ▶ $g(g + 1)/2$ are valid and give *good extensions*
- ▶ radical isogenies \rightsquigarrow send bits to (valid) square root choices (2024/1732)

Radical isogenies

- ▶ dimension 1 and 2: $2^g - 1 = g(g + 1)/2$ (any choice is valid)
- ▶ dimension 3: 7 possibilities, 6 valid choices
- ▶ explicit condition from Riemann relations
- ▶ dimension 4: open (probably too expensive)

Embedding

- ▶ isogeny computation is exponential in the degree
- ▶ can *embed isogenies* in higher dimensions
- ▶ d_1 and d_2 isogeny $\rightsquigarrow d_1 + d_2$ isogeny in dimension $2g$
- ▶ $\phi : A \rightarrow B$ can be embedded in $\Phi : A^4 \times B^4 \rightarrow A^4 \times B^4$

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Path to constraints

- ▶ start from a chain

$$A_0 \xrightarrow{\phi_0} A_1 \xrightarrow{\phi_1} \dots \xrightarrow{\phi_{n-1}} A_n$$

- ▶ each step gives an equation

$$\mathcal{S} \circ \mathcal{H}(\theta^{A_{i+1}}(0_{A_{i+1}})) = \mathcal{H} \circ \mathcal{S}(\theta^{A_i}(0_{A_i}))$$

Path to constraints

Let

$$X^j = (X_0^g : \cdots : X_{2^g-1}^j) = \theta^{A_j}(0_{A_j})$$

Then:

$$\begin{cases} X^0 = \theta^{A_0}(0_{A_0}), \\ \mathcal{S} \circ \mathcal{H}(X^{j+1}) = \mathcal{H} \circ \mathcal{S}(X^j), & 0 \leq j \leq n-1, \\ X^n = \theta^{A_n}(0_{A_n}) \end{cases}$$

Path to constraints

- ▶ concretely: a transcript needs the X^j
- ▶ theta isogeny algorithms *already compute null points*
- ▶ normalize to ensure the equation holds affinely
- ▶ *gluing and splitting* are included

Constraints to path

- ▶ theta null points encode isogenies
- ▶ generally X^j are (almost) enough to evaluate ϕ
- ▶ can extract *an honest transcript*

Soundness

- ▶ (knowledge) soundness requires that all sets of X^j are isogenies
- ▶ *guaranteed* in dimension 1 and 2
- ▶ extra equations from dimension 3
- ▶ are those really needed?

Pseudo Isogeny Path Problem

- ▶ *pseudo-isogeny path problem*: given $(A_0, \theta^{A_0}), (A_n, \theta^{A_n})$ find any solution (X^1, \dots, X^{n-1}) to the previous system
- ▶ *non-isogeny path problem*: given $(A_0, \theta^{A_0}), (A_n, \theta^{A_n})$ find a solution (X^1, \dots, X^{n-1}) non corresponding to an isogeny
- ▶ isogeny path + non-isogeny path = pseudo-isogeny path

Cryptanalysis

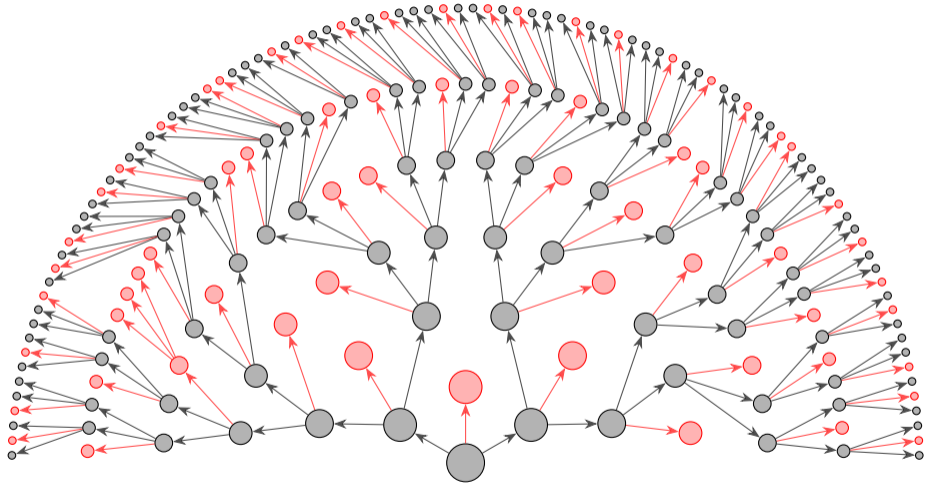
$$X^1 = \frac{1}{2^g} \mathcal{H} \circ \mathcal{T}_s \circ \mathcal{H} \circ \mathcal{S}(X^0)$$

- ▶ \mathcal{T}_s extracts square roots with sign s
- ▶ for random X_i , $\mathcal{T}_s \circ \mathcal{H} \circ \mathcal{S}(X^i)$ will not be rational
- ▶ most non-isogeny paths *end immediately*

Cryptanalysis

- ▶ abelian varieties has codimension ≥ 1 (hard to come back)
- ▶ non-isogeny path \rightsquigarrow abelian varieties of *unknown endomorphism ring*?
- ▶ best approach seems still bruteforce
- ▶ are we missing something?

Cryptanalysis



Proving knowledge of any isogeny

- ▶ under pseudo-isogeny path problem proving 2-isogenies is equivalent to proving a transcript of X^j
- ▶ any isogeny can be embedded in a 2-isogeny in dimension $4g$
- ▶ we can now *prove any isogeny*

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General structure

We want to prove knowledge of

$$\begin{cases} X^0 = \theta^{A_0}(0_{A_0}), \\ \mathcal{S} \circ \mathcal{H}(X^{j+1}) = \mathcal{H} \circ \mathcal{S}(X^j), & 0 \leq j \leq n-1, \\ X^n = \theta^{A_n}(0_{A_n}) \end{cases}$$

- ▶ easy to turn into R1CS: $(M_1 z) \circ (M_1 z) = M_2 z$
- ▶ M_1, M_2 are shifts of \mathcal{H}
- ▶ try different proof systems

Hash based proof systems

- ▶ BaseFold
- ▶ rely on (random oracle +) *proximity gap conjecture*
- ▶ not optimized for *small* witnesses
- ▶ field agnostic

Lattice based proof systems

- ▶ based on common lattice assumptions (LWE, SIS)
- ▶ tailored to our instance
- ▶ much smaller proof and faster proving
- ▶ recursive proofs

Some challenges

- ▶ simulate \mathbb{F}_{p^2} over \mathbb{F}_p
- ▶ proving small statements
- ▶ field agnostic proof systems
- ▶ work affinely \rightsquigarrow less constraints (not very relevant)

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Theoretical results

$$\mathcal{R}_{\text{isog}} = \{((E_0, E_1), \phi) \mid \phi \text{ is an isogeny}\}$$

- ▶ can prove ϕ of any (secret) degree
- ▶ no requirement on $\text{End}(E)$
- ▶ standard assumptions*

Theoretical results

$$\mathcal{R}_{\text{CSIDH}} = \{((E_0, E_1), \phi) \mid \phi \text{ is a CSIDH isogeny}\}$$

- ▶ avoid repetitions
- ▶ comparable timings (but larger proof sizes)
- ▶ field size issues

Additional relations

- ▶ *point evaluation*: similar to isogeny evaluation
- ▶ *proving degrees*: point evaluation + pairings
- ▶ can prove \mathcal{R}_{deg} , $\mathcal{R}_{\text{MSIDH}}$, ...

Dimension 2 CGL

- ▶ CGL hash function: turn message bits into isogenies
- ▶ broken by KLPT \rightsquigarrow need trusted setup
- ▶ 2-dimensional version broken by KLPT²
- ▶ *2D trusted setup*

Other HD isogeny constructions

- ▶ MIKE
- ▶ natively 2-dimensional constructions (Shimura CGA?)
- ▶ something else?

BaseFold proof system

		$g = 1, k = 256$	$g = 2, k = 108$	$g = 4, k = 498$
\mathbb{F}_p	Prover time	1288 ms	966 ms	10961 ms
	Proof size	4826 KiB	6320 KiB	7833 KiB
	Verif. time	74 ms	45 ms	228 ms
\mathbb{F}_{p^2}	Prover time	1846ms	1074ms	
	Proof size	3344KiB	3767KiB	n/a
	Verif. time	286ms	179ms	

Lattice based proof system

d	Prover time (s)	Proof size (KiB)	Verification time (s)
0	5.2	1147	105.5
6	6.0	1156	37.4
8	6.5	1200	10.8
11	8.6	1648	3.8

Thank you for your attention.
Questions?