

# Ideal to Isogeny: from Qlapoti to qt-Pegasis

Isogeny Days

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#### **Outline**

1. Ideal to Isogeny

2. Qlapoti

3. qt-Pegasis



#### Ideal to isogeny

- ► Deuring correspondence
- ▶ quaternion ideals ↔ isogenies
- quaternions are fast, isogenies are slow
  - perform all computations with quaternions
  - recover isogenies at the end
- ► *largest component* of most isogeny schemes





#### **Applications**

- ► Sample a random ideal, translate it into a random isogeny
- ▶ the codomain is a random curve
  - key generation (SQIsign, PRISM, ...), commitment (SQIsign)
- compute isogenies with some properties from ideals
  - response (SQIsign, PRISM)
- quadratic case: effective class group actions (PEGASIS)
- ► how?



#### Ideal to Isogeny 1

- ▶ let  $\operatorname{nrd}(I) = l$ ,  $E[l] = \langle P, Q \rangle$ ,  $\alpha \in I$
- lacktriangle write lpha(P)=aP+bQ and lpha(Q)=cP+dQ
- recover R s.t.  $\alpha(R) = 0$  by linear algebra
- problem: requires l small / smooth

# Ideal to Isogeny 2 (KLPT)

- ▶ given  $\beta \in I$ , get equivalent ideal  $J = I\overline{\beta}/\text{nrd}(I)$
- same domain, same codomain, different degree (norm)
- ▶ if  $\operatorname{nrd}(\beta) = N \cdot \operatorname{nrd}(I)$  then  $\operatorname{nrd}(J) = N$
- ▶ look for N smooth (=  $2^e$ ):  $KLPT \rightsquigarrow SQlsign v1$
- ▶ typically: N huge  $(\approx p^3)$

### Ideal to Isogeny 3 (QFESTA)

- lacktriangle using *HD isogenies* we can compute isogenies of degree  $q(2^e-q)$
- ightharpoonup it is easy to sample ideals of norm  $q(2^e-q)$
- ▶ allows to compute isogenies of *any degree*
- ightharpoonup requires  $q < 2^e < p$
- does not work with a given ideal

# Ideal to Isogeny 4 (Clapoti)

generalize the QFESTA equation: enough to solve

$$u \cdot \mathsf{nrd}(I_1) + v \cdot \mathsf{nrd}(I_2) = 2^e$$

where  $I_1, I_2$  are equivalent ideals

- ightharpoonup need degree u,v isogenies: use QFESTA for that
- works for every ideal (in theory)

# Ideal to Isogeny 4 (Clapoti)

- ▶  $\operatorname{nrd}(I_1)$ ,  $\operatorname{nrd}(I_2) \approx \sqrt{p}$  at least, but  $2^e < p$
- equation has a significant failure rate  $(2^{-8})$
- ▶ SQIsign: reduce it to  $2^{-60}$  with some tricks
- memory-heavy and still not cryptographically negligible
- fixed degree isogenies are ok but costly



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#### A more direct approach

- ► Clapoti solves  $u \cdot \operatorname{nrd}(I_1) + v \cdot \operatorname{nrd}(I_2) = 2^e$
- we can solve  $\operatorname{nrd}(I_1) + \operatorname{nrd}(I_2) = 2^e$  instead
- ▶  $I_1$  and  $I_2$  are chosen *random* and *small*
- ightharpoonup unlikely to sum to  $2^e \leadsto$  need to be more explicit

# A more direct approach

- ightharpoonup let  $n = \operatorname{nrd}(I)$
- ▶ the equation becomes  $\operatorname{nrd}(\beta_1) + \operatorname{nrd}(\beta_2) = n2^e$
- write  $I = \langle \alpha, n \rangle$  (many choices for  $\alpha$ )
- $\beta_k = \gamma_k n + \gamma_k' \alpha$
- ightharpoonup simplify:  $\gamma_k = a_k + \mathrm{i} b_k$  and  $\gamma_k' = 1$

#### Solving $\mod n$

► The full equation becomes

$$n(a_1^2 + b_1^2 + a_2^2 + b_2^2) + 2a_\alpha(a_1 + a_2) + 2b_\alpha(b_1 + b_2) = 2^e - 2r$$

- first solve  $2a_{\alpha}x + 2b_{\alpha}y \equiv 2^e 2r \mod n$
- ightharpoonup find a short solution (s,t) using cvp
- ightharpoonup replace  $a_2=s-a_1$  and  $b_2=t-b_1$
- we are left with a *sum of squares*

#### Improvement pt. 1

- no additional fixed degree isogenies
- ▶ 2x improvement with direct impact on current schemes

NIST level	Previous work	This work	Improvement	
I	0.434s	0.171s	$\times 2.5$	
Ш	0.849s	0.446s	<b>x</b> 1.9	
V	1.143s	0.515s	×2.2	

#### Improvement pt. 2

- ightharpoonup representation  $I=\langle \alpha,n\rangle$  is not unique
- ightharpoonup many lpha to try  $\leadsto$  virtually impossible to fail

NIST Level	p	upper bound on failure rate
1	$2^{248} \cdot 5 - 1$	$2^{-197}$
III	$2^{376} \cdot 65 - 1$	$2^{-312}$
V	$2^{500} \cdot 27 - 1$	$2^{-438}$

#### Improvement pt. 2

- no need for additional curves
- much simpler code
- less memory usage (x11 to x34)
- cleaner security proofs

#### **Credits**

**Qlapoti**: Simple and Efficient Translation of Quaternion Ideals to Isogenies

Join work with: Giacomo Borin, Maria Corte-Real Santos, Jonathan Komada Eriksen. Marzio Mula. Sina Schaeffler and Frederik Vercauteren

Eprint: 2025/1604

Code: https://github.com/KULeuven-COSIC/Qlapoti



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#### **Revisiting PEGASIS**

- ▶ PEGASIS: effective class group actions from CSIDH
- lacksquare given an ideal  $\mathfrak{a}\in\mathbb{Z}\left[rac{1+\sqrt{-p}}{2}
  ight]$  compute the corresponding isogeny
- lacktriangle based on Clapoti: solve  $u\cdot n(\mathfrak{b})+v\cdot n(\mathfrak{c})=2^e$  for  $\mathfrak{b},\mathfrak{c}\sim\mathfrak{a}$
- ► same issues + fixed degree isogenies are *harder*
- partially solved with Elkies algorithm and dimension 4

#### **Revisiting PEGASIS**

- ▶ goal: replace *Clapoti* with *Qlapoti*
- $\blacktriangleright$  problem: we are working with  $R=\mathbb{Z}\left[\frac{1+\sqrt{-p}}{2}\right]$
- ▶ key insight from KLaPoTi: "build" i on  $E \times E$
- ightharpoonup take  $\mathcal{O}=R+\mathrm{i}R$  and  $\mathcal{I}=\mathfrak{a}+\mathrm{i}\mathfrak{a}$
- ightharpoonup apply Qlapoti to  ${\mathcal I}$

#### **Further optimizations**

- $\triangleright \mathcal{I} = \mathfrak{a} + i\mathfrak{a}$  is far from a random ideal
- different steps can be simplified
- we can predict / control the shape of the equation
- two modular additions instead of cvp



#### **Comparison with PEGASIS**

- no Elkies isogenies
- ► 1.3x to 2.1x speedup
- much simpler algorithm
- suitable for constant time implementation
- no restriction on primes

# **Timings**

Prime size	Step 1	Step 2	Step 3	Total	Improvement	Step 3 rt.
508	0.027	0.083	1.048	1.16	1.31x	90%
1008	0.06	0.30	2.77	3.13	1.34×	88%
1554	0.09	0.77	6.08	6.94	1.51×	87%
2031	0.55	1.36	10.3	12.17	1.75×	84%
4089	3.15	6.80	47.6	57.5	2.12x	82%

#### **Open Questions**

- shorter chains: they should exist, how do we find them?
- ightharpoonup move to dimension 2:  $\mathfrak{a} + i\mathfrak{a}$  is not a random ideal
- new names: running out of c sounds, maybe Clapowtee?



#### **Credits**

**qt-Pegasis**: Simpler and Faster Effective Class Group Actions

Join work with: Pierrick Dartois, Jonathan Komada Eriksen and Frederik Vercauteren

eprint and code (hopefully) coming soon



Credits: Jonathan Omada KERiksen, street artist

Thanks you for your attention! Questions?